

Surplus food as animal feed

Risks, benefits and uncertainties

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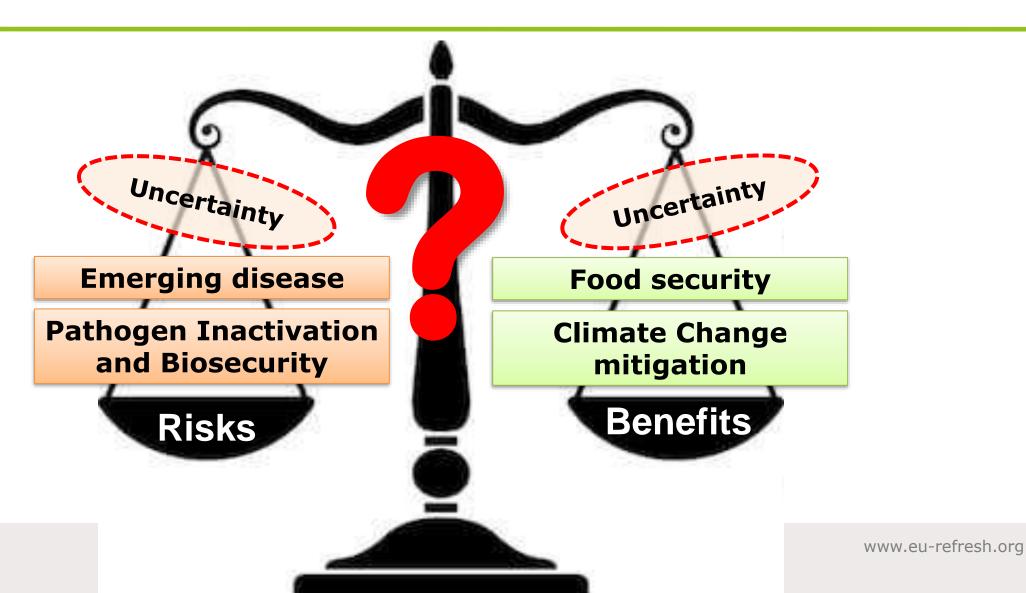




Scope of the proposed changes to TSE and other feed related regulations

- Maintain feed ban for
 - Ruminants
 - Untreated / raw surplus food
- Lift ban on meat-containing, heat-treated surplus food
 - Only from licensed and tightly controlled facilities
 - Only for non-ruminant omnivorous livestock on licensed farms
 - Only surplus food from retail, manufacturing and commercial catering sources
- No on-farm treatment
- No surplus food from
 - Households
 - International catering, planes, ships, etc.

Surplus food as non-ruminant feed: Key risks and benefits



3/6/2019

Pathogen inactivation and biosecurity: Risk management strategies



- Heat treatment to achieve Feed Safety Objective
 - Infectivity, controls and severity in case of outbreak
 - Foot and Mouth Disease / African Swine Fever



Acidification

- Additional inactivation and shelf life
- Prevent outgrowth of human pathogens such as Clostridium spores
- Fermentation: nutritional and probiotic benefits



- Biosecurity to prevent cross-contamination
 - Measures as described in ABP legislation (zoning, one directional process flows, temperature monitoring)

Pathogen inactivation and biosecurity: Uncertainties

Heat treatment to achieve Feed Safety Objective severity in case of outbreak Estimated log Tiny fraction of volumes of infected meat damonar mactivation and shelf life Prevent outgrowth of human pathogens such as Clostridium spores Fermentation Human error / deliberate breaking Biosecurity of the law nination Measures as described in Associated (zoning, one directional process flows, temperature monitoring)

Emerging disease, TSE and intraspecies recycling





Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies (TSE)

- "No TSEs have been identified as occurring in pigs or poultry under natural conditions" (EFSA BioHaz Scientific Opinion, 2007)
- Intraspecies recycling ban remains in place as precautionary measure
- There is no intraspecies recycling ban for non-ruminants in the US, New Zealand, Australia and Japan

Emerging disease

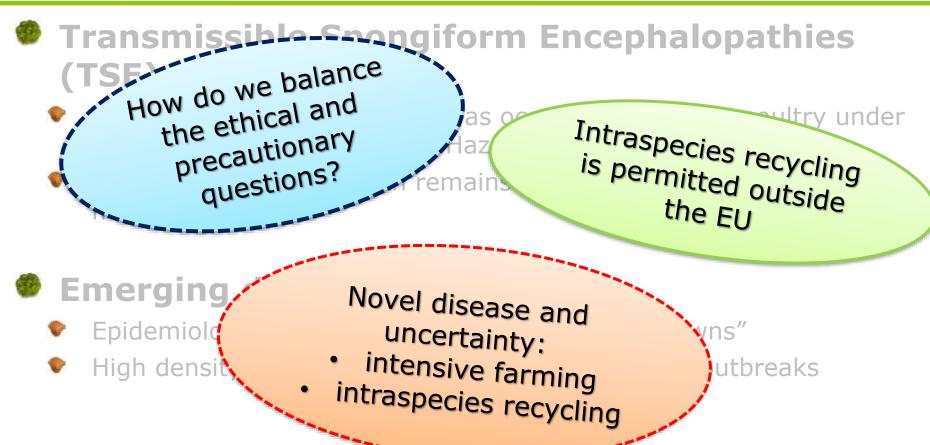
- Epidemiologist concern with the "unknown unknowns"
- High density, intensive farming and novel disease outbreaks

Uncertainties, precautionary principle and ethics

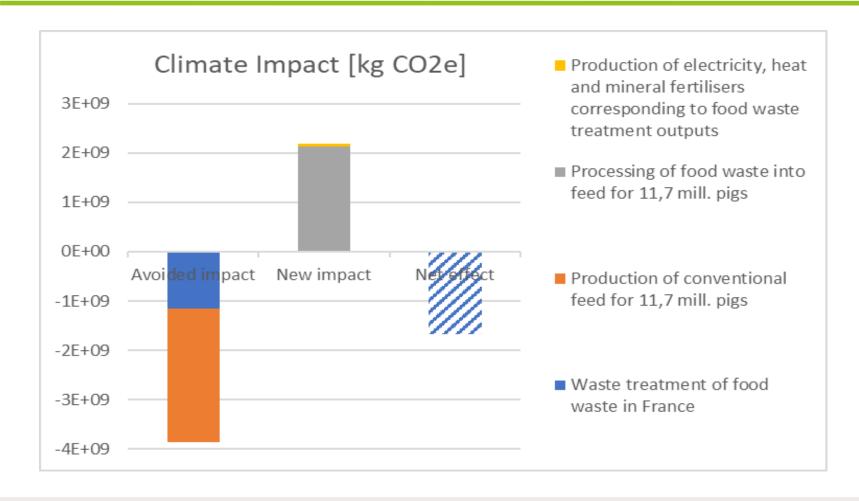




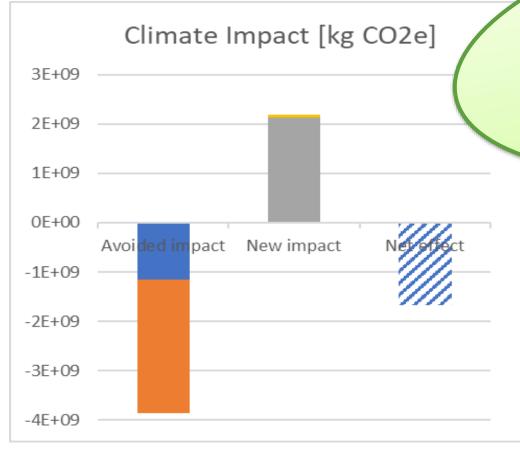




Net climate impact of using processed surplus food as pig feed in France



Net climate impact of using processed surplus food as pig feed



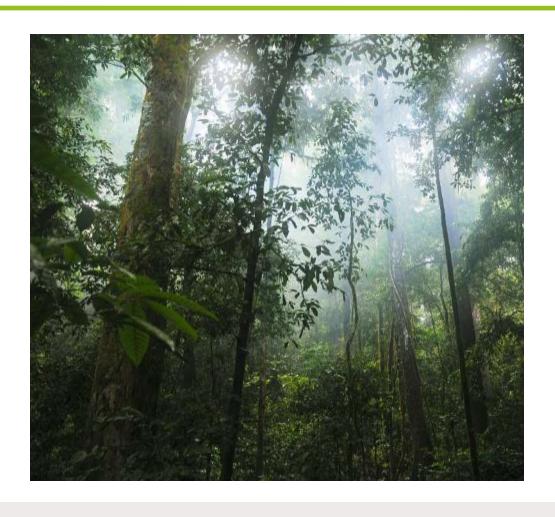
emissions savings for EU: 5.8 m t CO₂ eq.

Production of conventifeed for 11,7 mill. pig

■ Waste treatment of food waste in France

GHG emissions of 670,000 EU citizens

Climate change mitigation and food and feed safety

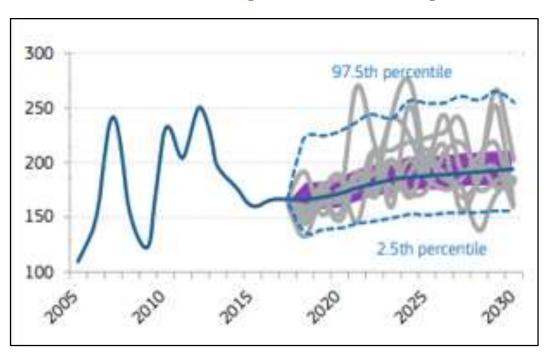


- Salmonella risk is estimated to increase by 10-15% for every degree increase in temperature (Beghian, 2018)
- Mycotoxins likely to increase due to climate change (EFSA, 2017)

Food security within planetary boundaries

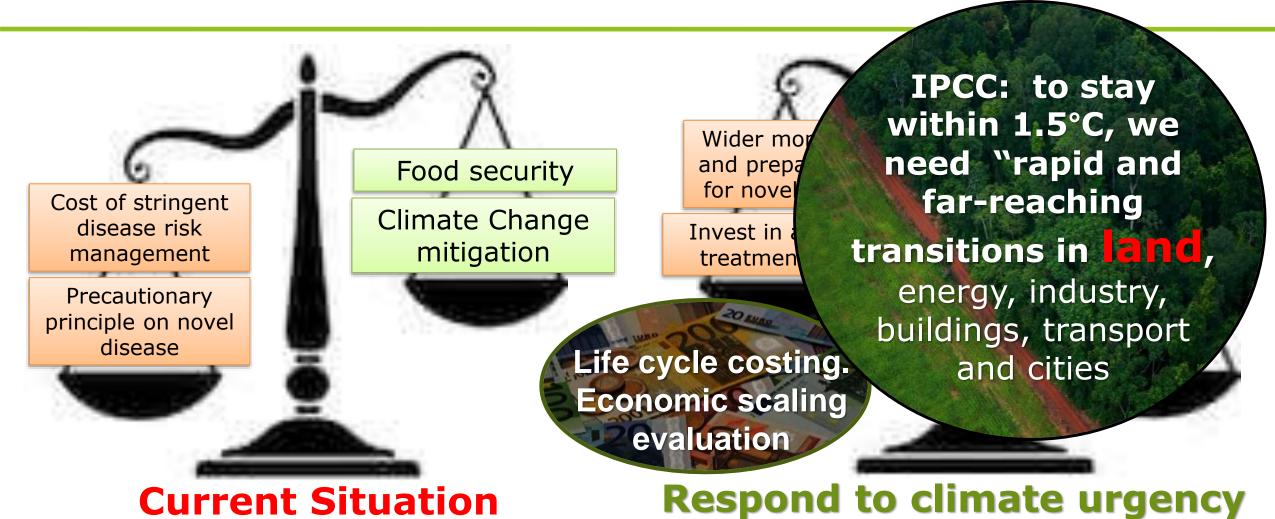
- Diet for human and planetary health: drastic reduction of animal source food
- Avoid competition for arable land between feed and food crops (Van Zanten et al. 2018)
- Reduce impact of agricultural commodity price volatility: reduce uncertainty?

Possible price paths for common wheat in the EU (Euro / tonne)



EC, 2017. EU Agricultural Outlook.

How to determine which way the scales tip?



Thank you & Questions

Contact Karen Luyckx

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Full REFRESH report on animal feed will be published on https://eu-refresh.org/results by May 2019

War-time Advertisement:

"Swill is more appetising when steam-cooked in an Alfa-cooker and the nourishment value is increased. The pigs like it, thrive on it, and it takes less time to prepare. The waste food is sterilized, all bacteria killed, by steam cooking – a big safeguard against Swine Fever, Foot and Mouth diseases, etc."

"I wish I had seen it years ago," writes a delighted user.

